

# SUBSTANCE-SPECIFIC FINGERPRINTS OF THYROID DISRUPTION IN ZEBRAFISH EMBRYOS



**Speaker: Steve Ayobahan**  
Eco'n'OMICs ATTRACT  
[Steve.ayobahan@ime.fraunhofer.de](mailto:Steve.ayobahan@ime.fraunhofer.de)  
[www.ime.fraunhofer.de](http://www.ime.fraunhofer.de)



Steve Ayobahan<sup>1</sup>, Hannes Reinwald<sup>1,3</sup>, Azora König<sup>1</sup>, Julia Alvincz<sup>1</sup>, Levente Sipos<sup>1</sup>, Gisela Böhle<sup>1</sup>, Bernd Göckener<sup>1</sup>, Orr Shomroni<sup>2</sup>, Gabriela Salinas<sup>2</sup>, Henner Hollert<sup>3</sup>, Christoph Schäfers<sup>1</sup>, Elke Eilebrecht<sup>1</sup> and Sebastian Eilebrecht<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Fraunhofer Institute for Molecular Biology and Applied Ecology, Applied Ecology and Bioresources Division, Schmallenberg, Germany

<sup>2</sup> NGS - Integrative Genomics Core Unit, Department of Human Genetics, University Medical Center, Göttingen, Germany

<sup>3</sup> Institute of Ecology, Evolution and Diversity, Goethe University Frankfurt, Frankfurt am Main, Germany

# Background

---

## Endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDCs)



EDCs are chemicals that interfere with the endocrine system & trigger an adverse development, reproductive and immune effects to exposed organism or its descendant population

OECD TGs



- Estrogen
- Androgen
- **Thyroid hormones**
- Steroidogenesis

in vertebrates

functions

- normal physiology
- development
- growth
- energy metabolism

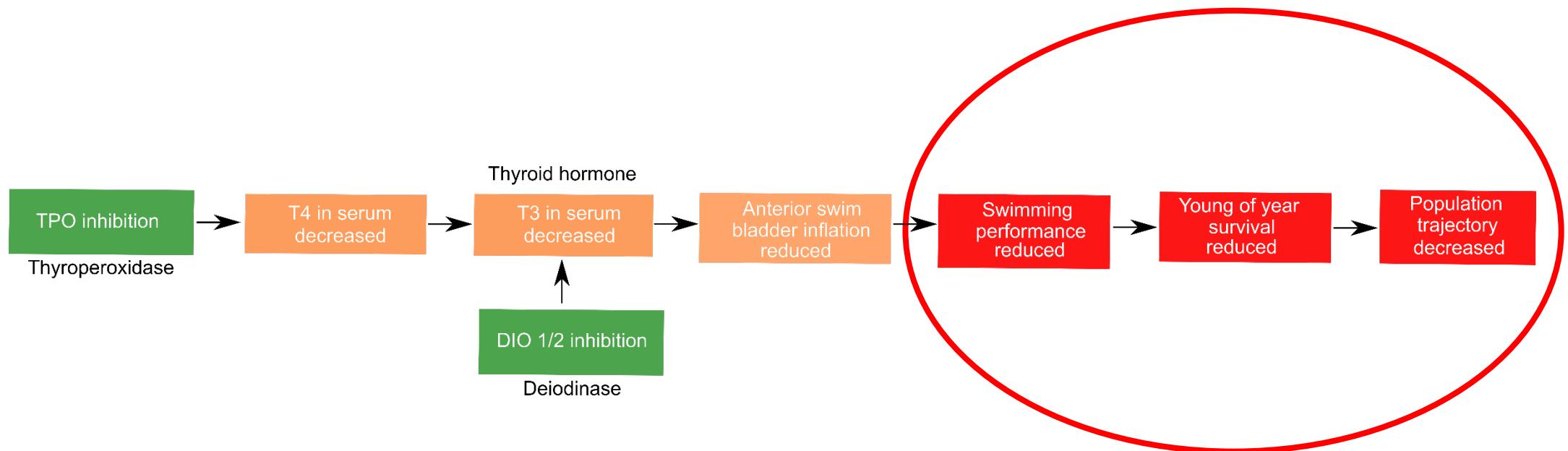
Many **organic compounds** in the **environment** can interfere with and disrupt the thyroid system



# Background

**Exposure** → **Effect**

- Fish studies - an adverse outcome pathway (AOP) was recently proposed linking thyroid disruption to decreased swim bladder inflation and impaired swimming performance in fish

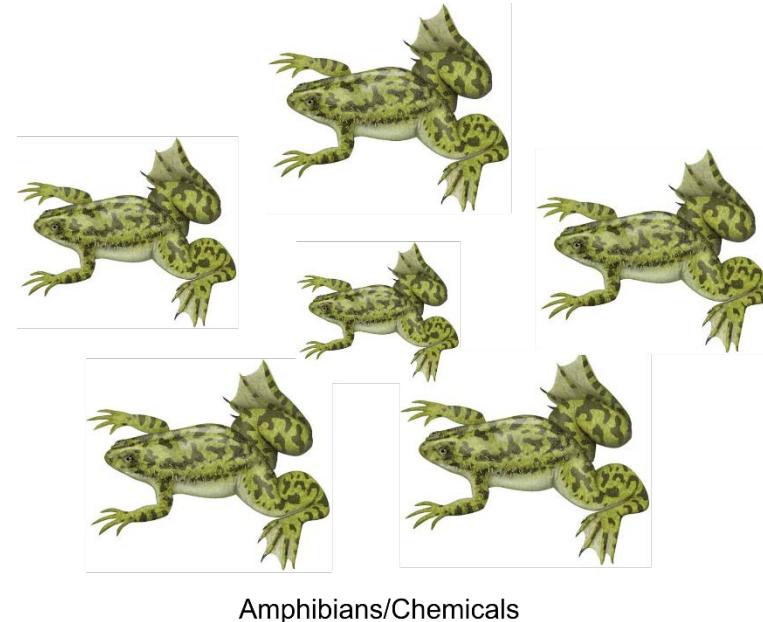
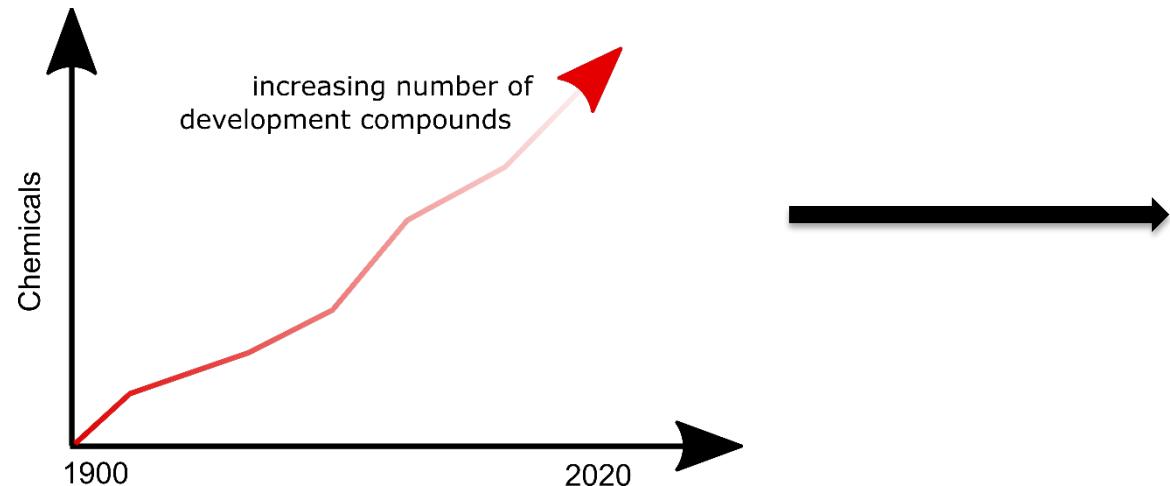


AOP-Wiki Website; <https://www.aopwiki.org>

# Background

Current assessment of endocrine substances targeting thyroid hormone-related physiological processes, focuses on:

- Xenopus Embryo Thyroid Signaling Assay (XETA) (OECD, 2019)
- Amphibian Metamorphosis Assay (AMA) (OECD, 2009)
- Larval Amphibian Growth & Development Assay (LAGDA) (OECD, 2015)



The required number of amphibians needed for these tests strongly contrasts the 3R principle of:

- reduction
- replacement and
- refinement of animal experiments

---

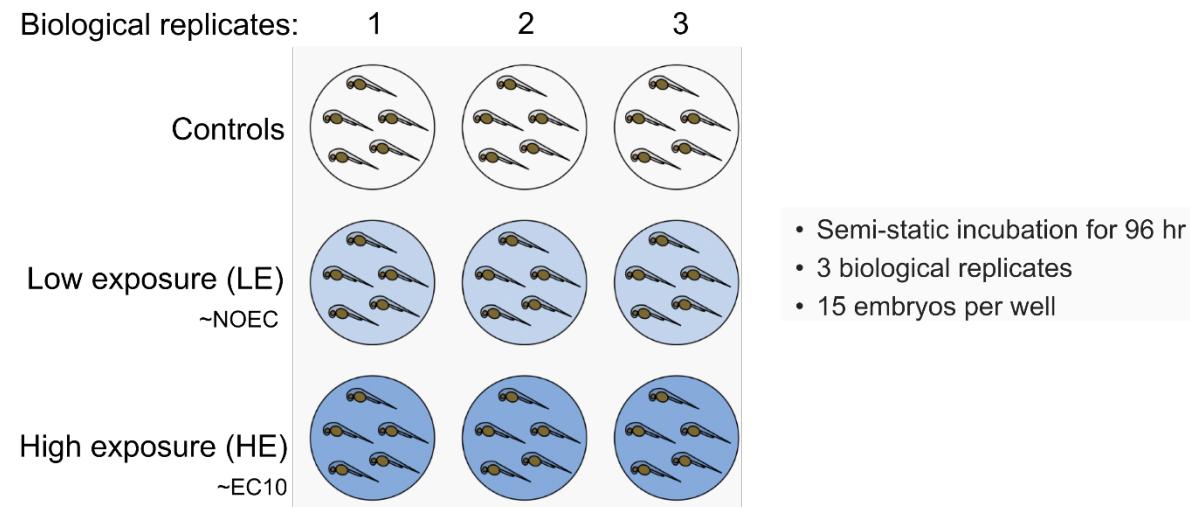
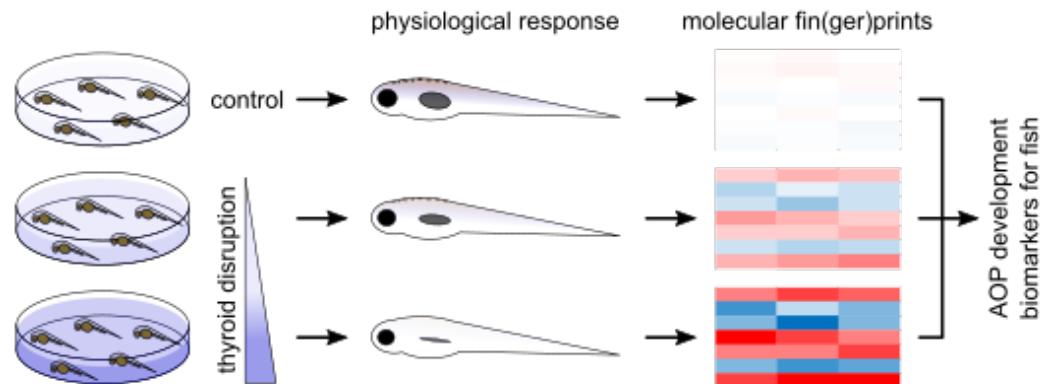
# **Test Strategy**

# Test strategy

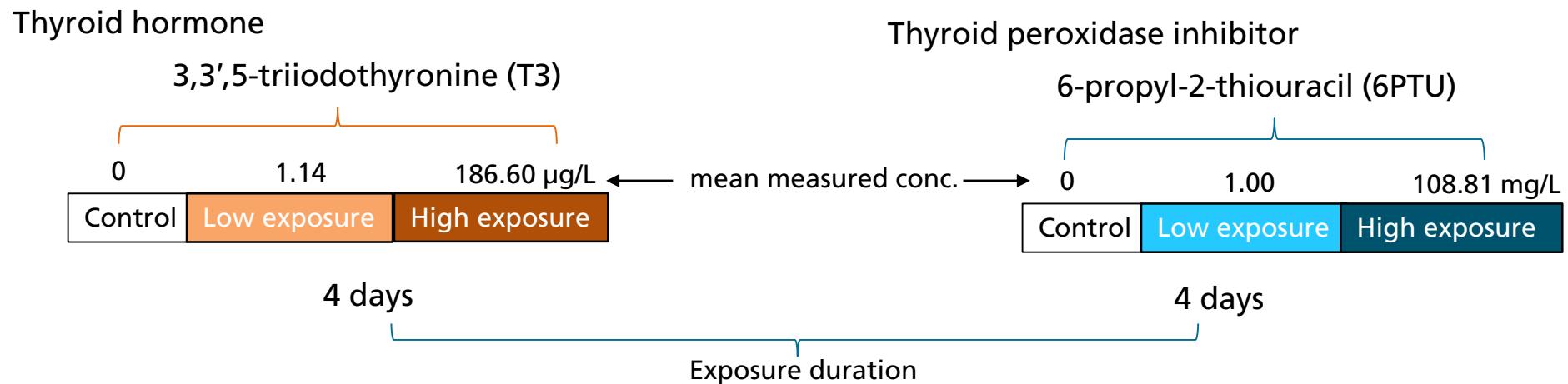
## Objective

- To demonstrate the sensitivity of -omics based approaches in assessing thyroid disruption in zebrafish embryo

## Experimental design



# Test substances

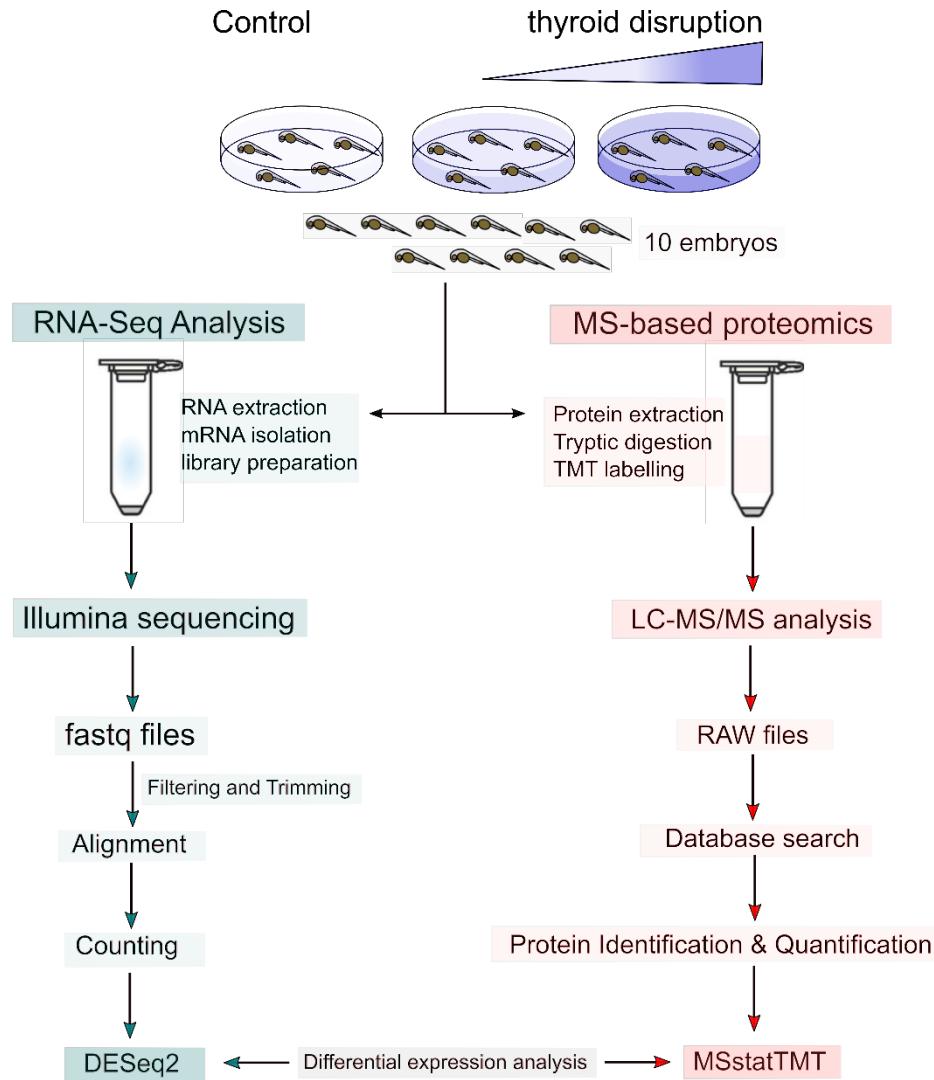


## Water analysis

T3 ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ )		6-PTU ( $\text{mg}/\text{L}$ )	
nominal	$\bar{\varnothing}$ measured (n = 3x3)	nominal	$\bar{\varnothing}$ measured (n = 3x3)
0	0	0	0
1.0	0.23	0.1	0.06
3.3	1.14	1.0	1.00
10.0	2.35	10.0	8.39
330.0	186.60	100.0	108.81

→ Transcriptome & proteome expression profile

# Transcriptomics and Proteomics workflow

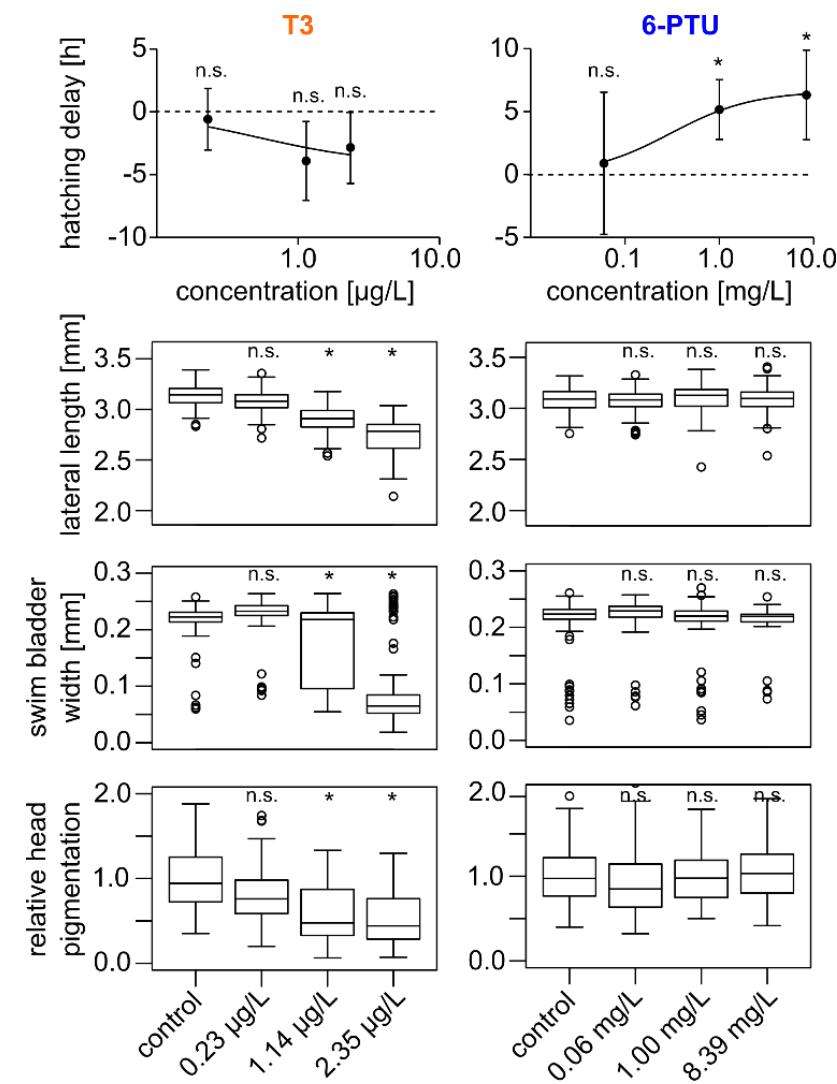
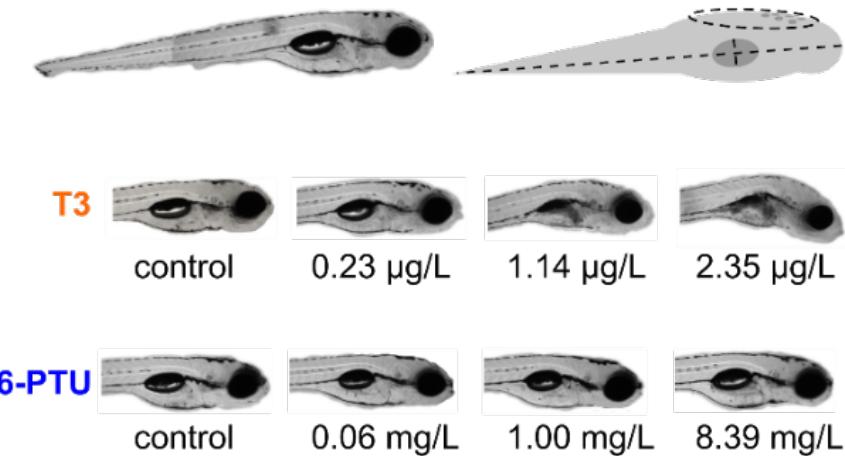


---

# **Result**

# Physiological responses

## Physiological effects

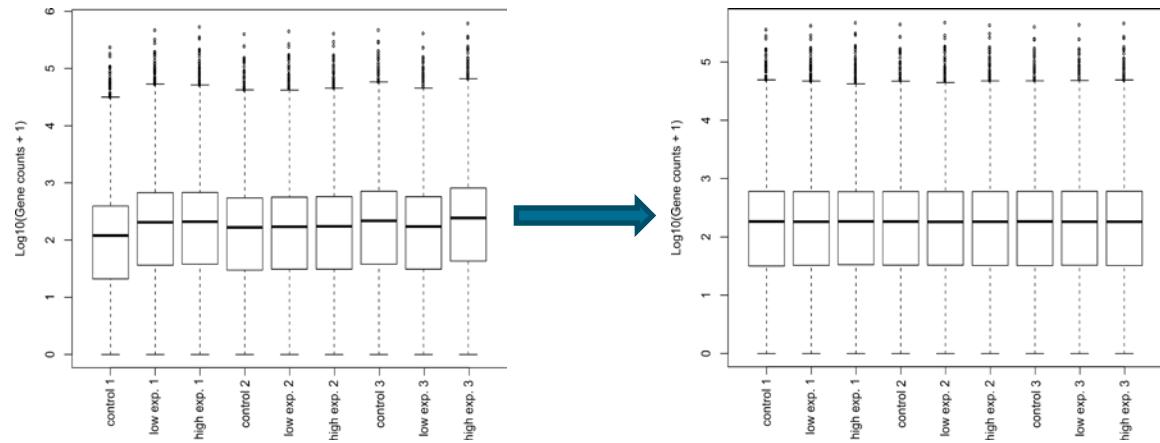


Results

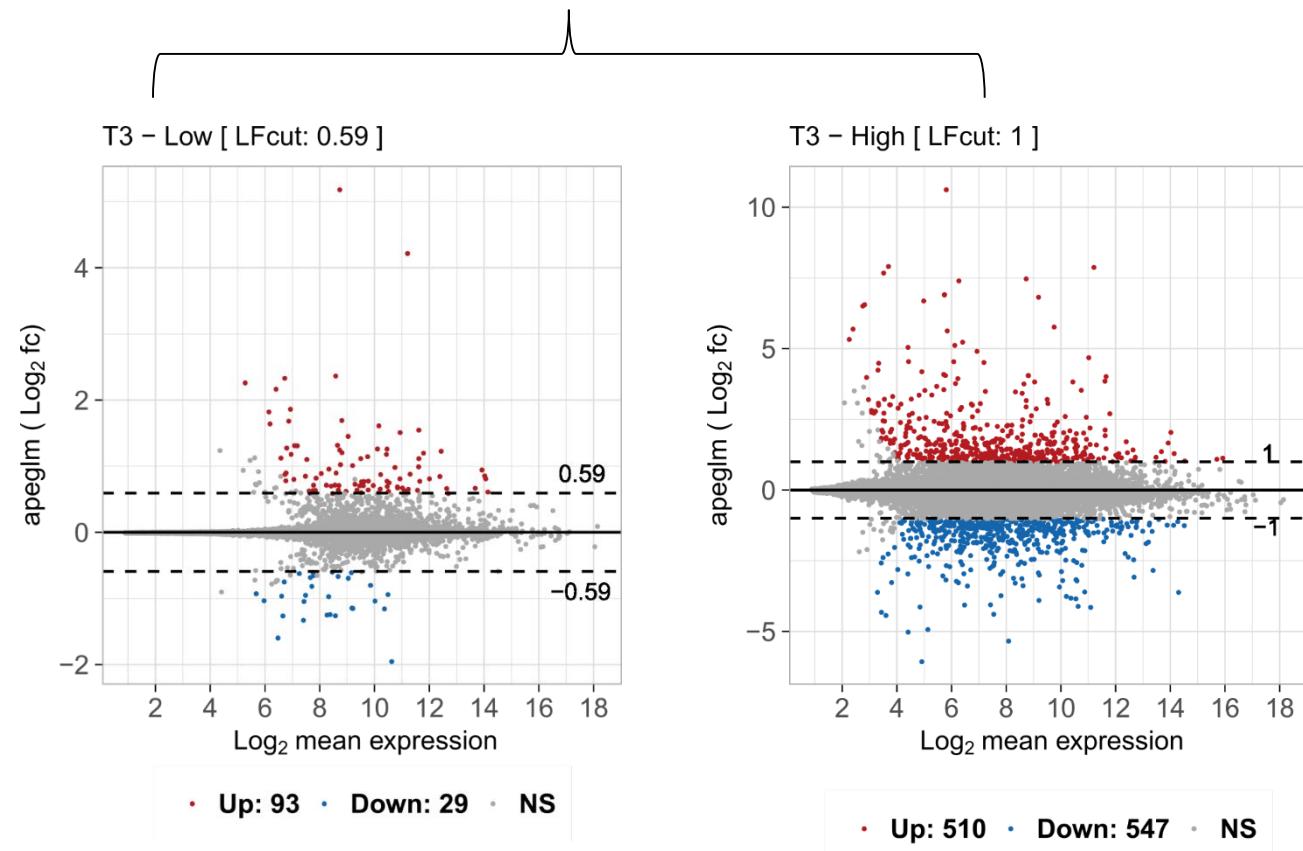
---

## **Transcriptomics & Proteomics Result**

# Normalization - Transcriptomics data



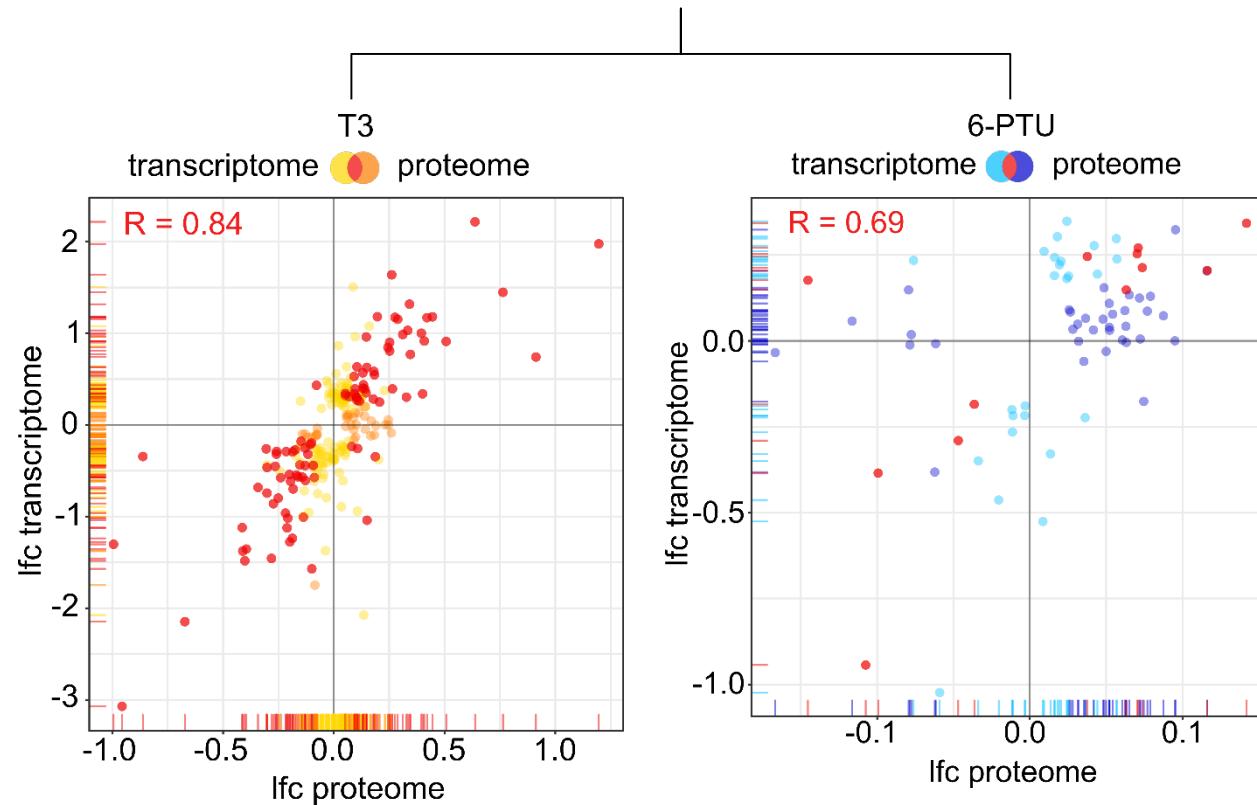
## Differentially Expressed Genes (DEGs)



# Overlap of transcriptome and proteome data

---

Common subset of both methods

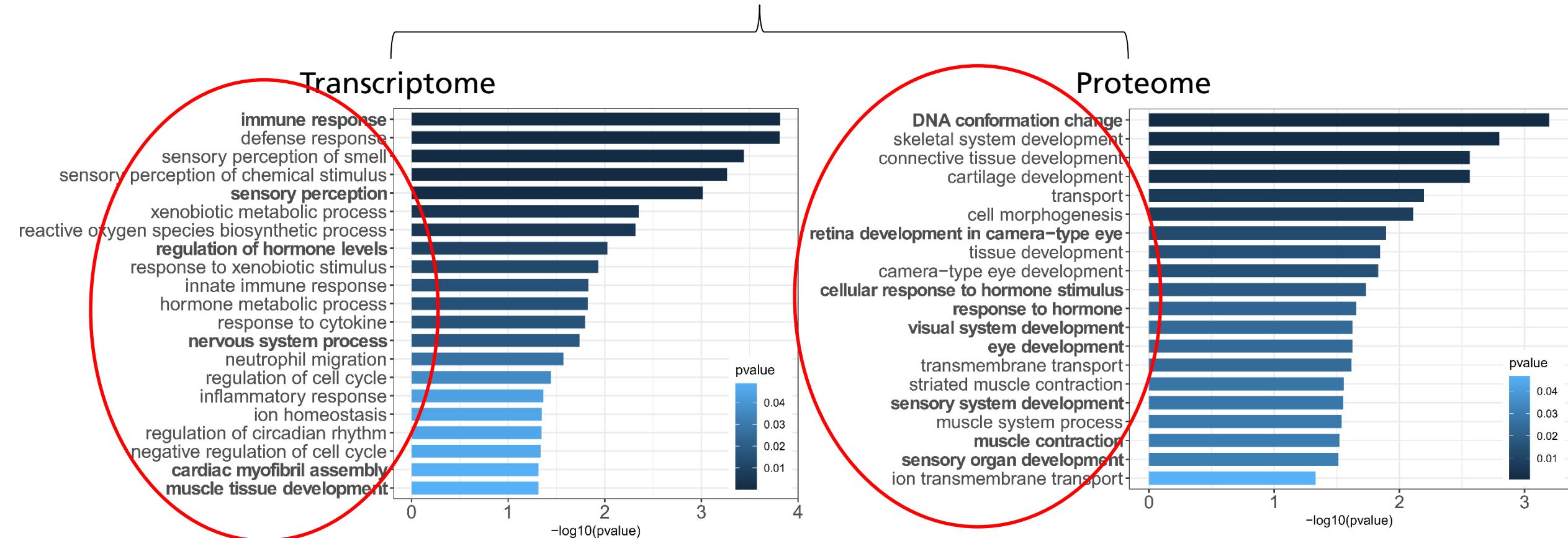


---

# Gene Set Enrichment Analysis

# Gene Set Enrichment Analysis

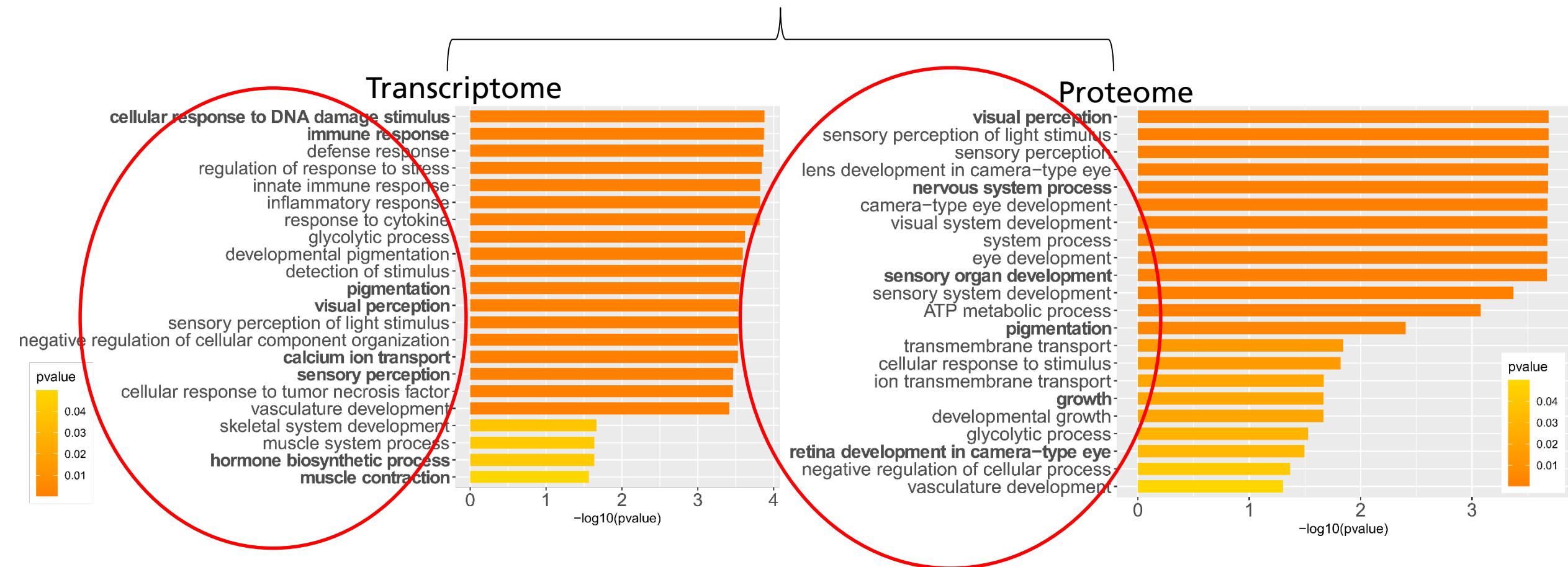
## 6PTU-exposure



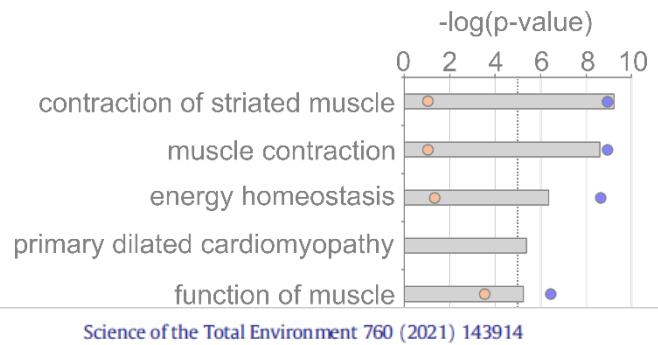
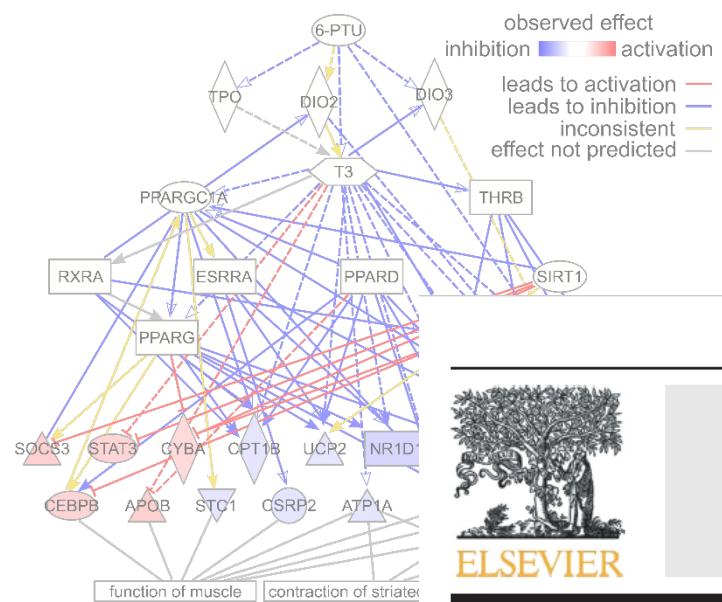
Results

# Gene Set Enrichment Analysis

T3 - exposure



# To Conclude



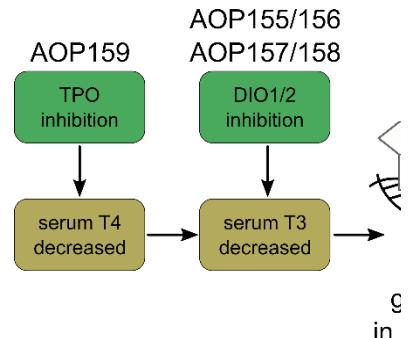
Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Science of the Total Environment

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv)



## Thyroidal AOP refinement



## Toxicogenomic fin(ger)prints for thyroid disruption AOP refinement and biomarker identification in zebrafish embryos



Hannes Reinwald <sup>a,b,1</sup>, Azora König <sup>a,1</sup>, Steve U. Ayobahan <sup>a</sup>, Julia Alvincz <sup>a</sup>, Levente Sipos <sup>a</sup>, Bernd Göckener <sup>c</sup>, Gisela Böhle <sup>d</sup>, Orr Shomroni <sup>e</sup>, Henner Hollert <sup>b</sup>, Gabriela Salinas <sup>e</sup>, Christoph Schäfers <sup>d</sup>, Elke Eilebrecht <sup>d</sup>, Sebastian Eilebrecht <sup>a,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Fraunhofer Attract Eco'n'OMICS, Fraunhofer Institute for Molecular Biology and Applied Ecology, Schmallenberg, Germany

<sup>b</sup> Department Evolutionary Ecology and Environmental Toxicology, Faculty Biological Sciences, Goethe University Frankfurt, Frankfurt, Germany

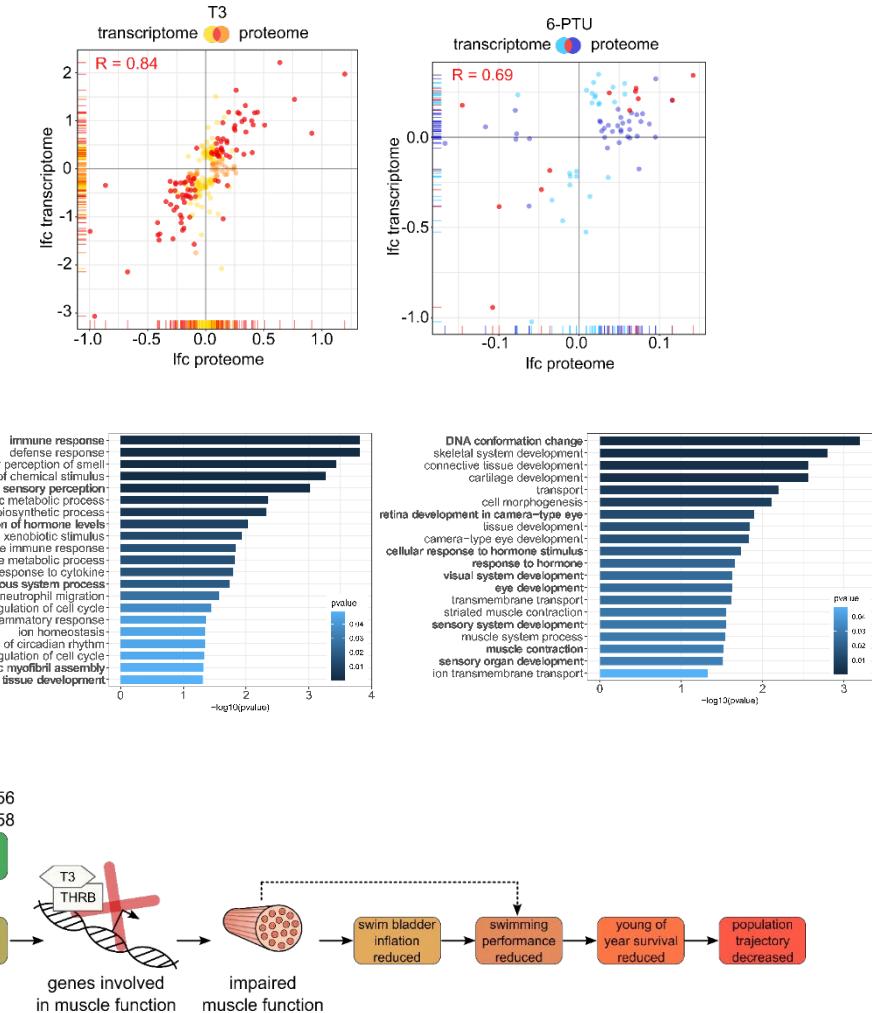
<sup>c</sup> Department Environmental and Food Analysis, Fraunhofer Institute for Molecular Biology and Applied Ecology, Schmallenberg, Germany

<sup>d</sup> Department Ecotoxicology, Fraunhofer Institute for Molecular Biology and Applied Ecology, Schmallenberg, Germany

<sup>e</sup> NGS-Services for Integrative Genomics, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany

# Take home message

- The **identified transcriptome and proteome fingerprints** can be utilized for understanding thyroid disruption in early zebrafish development.
- Our study demonstrates that **omics-methodology can significantly improve the identification** of endocrine disrupting substances targeting thyroid hormone-related physiological processes.
- Overall, **our findings support the AOP development** for thyroidal ED assessment

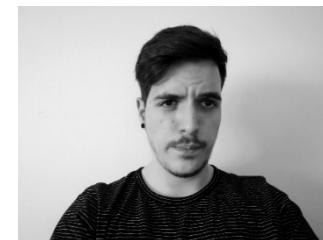


# Thank you for your attention

---

The ATTRACT Eco'n'OMICs Group

Dr. Sebastian Eilebrecht  
Hannes Reinwald (MSc.)  
Julia Alvincz  
Fabian Essfeld (MSc.)  
Fatma Marghany (MSc.)  
Levente Sipos  
Azora König (MSc.)  
Dr. Steve Ayobahan



Contact - [steve.ayobahan@ime.fraunhofer.de](mailto:steve.ayobahan@ime.fraunhofer.de)

---

# Reference

---

- REINWALD, H., KÖNIG, A., AYOBANAHAN, S. U., ALVINCZ, J., SIPOS, L., GÖCKENER, B., BÖHLE, G., SHOMRONI, O., HOLLERT, H., SALINAS, G., SCHÄFERS, C., EILEBRECHT, E. & EILEBRECHT, S. 2021. Toxicogenomic fin(ger)prints for thyroid disruption AOP refinement and biomarker identification in zebrafish embryos. *Science of The Total Environment*, 760, 143914.
- BAUMANN, L., SEGNER, H., ROS, A., KNAPEN, D. & VERGAUWEN, L. 2019. Thyroid Hormone Disruptors Interfere with Molecular Pathways of Eye Development and Function in Zebrafish. *International journal of molecular sciences*, 20, 1543.
- HUANG, T., CHOI, M., TZOUROS, M., GOLLING, S., PANDYA, N. J., BANFAI, B., DUNKLEY, T. & VITEK, O. 2020. MSstatsTMT: Statistical Detection of Differentially Abundant Proteins in Experiments with Isobaric Labeling and Multiple Mixtures. *Molecular & Cellular Proteomics*, 19, 1706-1723.
- LOVE, M. I., HUBER, W. & ANDERS, S. 2014. Moderated estimation of fold change and dispersion for RNA-seq data with DESeq2. *Genome biology*, 15, 550-550.
- SPAAN, K., HAIGIS, A.-C., WEISS, J. & LEGRADI, J. 2019. Effects of 25 thyroid hormone disruptors on zebrafish embryos: A literature review of potential biomarkers. *Science of The Total Environment*, 656, 1238-1249.
- STINCKENS, E., VERGAUWEN, L., BLACKWELL, B. R., ANKLEY, G. T., VILLENEUVE, D. L. & KNAPEN, D. 2020. Effect of Thyroperoxidase and Deiodinase Inhibition on Anterior Swim Bladder Inflation in the Zebrafish. *Environmental Science & Technology*, 54, 6213-6223.